



23 September 2022

Building Safety Update

Purpose of report

For noting.

Summary

This report aims to update members on the LGA's building safety-related work since the last FSMC meeting.

Recommendation:

That members note and comment on the LGA's building safety related work.

Contact details

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Local Covernment Association

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Building Safety Update

Background

1. Since the Board's last meeting, the LGA has continued to monitor the progress of the Building Safety Act's implementation and to plan related improvement work. We have responded to the EEIS+ Consultation and continued to support remediation.

Fire Safety Act

2. The LGA and National Fire Chiefs Council (NFCC) are members of a group established by the Home Office to monitor the impact of the Fire Safety Act. Officers welcome any update on Fire and Rescue Authorities' (FRAs) experience with it.

Joint Inspection Team

3. The Joint Inspection Team (JIT) is expanding to three teams until at least March 2024 and members are encouraged to consider whether any buildings in their area might benefit from a JIT inspection. Contact <u>Brian.Castle@local.gov.uk</u> with any suggestions or enquiries.

Building Safety Act

- 4. On 28th June 2022, new leaseholder protections in the Building Safety Act came into effect meaning building owners and landlords are now responsible for making buildings safe and the first port of call to fund any necessary repairs. It is illegal for costs of cladding repairs and those beyond the leaseholder caps for non-cladding defects to be passed to qualifying leaseholders.
- The explanatory notes to the Building Safety Act are here: <u>https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2022/30/pdfs/ukpgaen_20220030_en.pdf</u>; the leaseholder protections are sections 116-125 and Schedule 8. New Government guidance on the leaseholder protections can be found here: <u>https://www.gov.uk/guidance/building-safety-leaseholder-protections-guidance-forleaseholders.</u>
- 6. There is currently a <u>plethora of consultations</u> around the new building safety regime. Some aspects of this apply to **all** building control – not just HRRBs – which increases



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the risk that changes to building control have the potential to slow approvals and impose burdens on councils as regulators. The LGA will endeavour to respond to all of these on behalf of councils and would value member input.

- 7. The LGA continues to work with NFCC and Local Authority Building Control (LABC) to support the Health and Safety Executive's (HSE) delivery of the new regime. Current issues include;
 - the precise make-up of the Multi-Disciplinary Teams (including FRS staff) that will deliver the functions of the Building Safety Regulator;
 - the regional hub structure for allocating staff to MDTs; and
 - the knock on effects of MDT inspections on fire service work (for example if they identify issues that can be dealt with under the FSO but are outside planned IRMP work).
- 8. HSE will be presenting its work on the Building Safety Regulator (BSR) to the Fire Commission next month.

Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans (PEEPs)

- 9. On 9th August 2022, we submitted our <u>EEIS+ Consultation response</u>, in which we argued that the Emergency Evacuation Information Sharing (EEIS+) proposal could form the basis of a useful backup to the requirement for Responsible Persons to identify residents who are unable to self-evacuate and make every reasonable adjustment to ensure that they can do so, through the provision of a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). However, we underlined that EEIS+ should never be Plan A, especially as we are aware that the NFCC has significant reservations about imposing on the fire service any form of EEIS+ which does not have the support of those with operational responsibility for making it work. To do so would be to shift responsibility from Responsible Persons (RPs) to the fire service and fundamentally undermine the principles underpinning the Fire Safety Order.
- On 24th August 2022, a new edition of the industry guide <u>The Simultaneous Evacuation</u> <u>Guidance</u> (SEG) was published, coordinated by NFCC in partnership with a range of stakeholders. The <u>fourth edition</u> replaces the third edition published in October 2020. The SEG, which has been put together by fire safety professionals, seeks to actively discourage the ongoing and prolonged use of a waking watch. Key aims of the guide are:
 - Ensuring those with responsibility for buildings fully understand the decisionmaking process before deciding that a change in evacuation strategy is required;



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- Clearer emphasis on resident engagement;
- An end to risk averse 'one size fits all' application of on-site staffing (waking watches or evacuation management) when this is disproportionate to the risk.
- 11. On 1st September 2022, the LGA attended the first Evacuation and Fire Safety Working Group meeting to discuss volunteer assistance for residents who are unable to selfevacuate due to certain protected characteristics. This group will also be used to explore how PEEPs could work more broadly.
- 12. We are seeking examples of volunteer assistance as a way of delivering PEEPs. If anyone already knows of any schemes like this, contact <u>Charles.loft@local.gov.uk</u>

Remediation

- 13. Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) <u>statistics</u> show that by the end of August 2022, 95 per cent (462) of all identified high-rise residential and publicly owned buildings in England had either completed or started remediation work to remove and replace unsafe Aluminium Composite Material (ACM) cladding (98 per cent of buildings identified at 31 December 2019). There has been no change since the end of July. All social sector residential buildings have either completed or started remediation. 99% have had their ACM cladding removed.
- 14. 438 buildings (90 per cent of all identified buildings) no longer have unsafe ACM cladding systems an increase of one since the end of July. 385 (79 per cent of all buildings) have completed ACM remediation works an increase of three since the end of July. This includes 340 (70 per cent of all buildings) which have received building control sign off no change since the end of July. These figures are changing very slowly.
- 15. On 28th July 2022, the government's £4.5 billon Building Safety Fund reopened for new applications. Buildings over 18 metres with cladding issues are eligible to apply for the fund with guidance for applicants available <u>here</u>. More information for leaseholders about the Building Safety Fund and what it covers can be accessed <u>here</u>. Leaseholders can check if they qualify for the cost protections under the Building Safety Act using the government's new <u>Leaseholder Protections Checker</u> with <u>further guidance</u> available. Early indications are that some "missing" buildings have already applied.
- 16. <u>Statistics to the end of August</u> show 2824 Private Sector Registrations, covering 3212 buildings. The registration process is a form of pre-approval. Of the 2824 registrations, a total of 2570 (2930 buildings) had been reviewed by the end of August an increase of 2 (4) since the end of July. Of these:



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- 936 (1018 buildings) were proceeding to an application for funding
- 291 full applications have been approved and
- 477 are at Pre-tender stage.
- 781 (959) have been deemed ineligible and
- 718 (798) have been withdrawn.
- 17. 44 applications (45 buildings) were being reviewed and there are 91 (110) where the applicant needs to provide additional information; in 254 (284) additional cases the owner has not responded to requests for more information.
- The fund also covers the costs social landlords would otherwise pass on to leaseholders. 222 (253) applications have been made. So far 55 (56) have been rejected or withdrawn and 152 (177) approved.
- £1.484 billion has been approved for the remediation of unsafe non-ACM cladding from the Building Safety Fund, of which £1.345 billion is for private sector remediation and £139 million for social sector remediation.
- 20. DLUHC has set up a remediation partners group to look at how remediation can be driven by regulatory activity. As part of this work it is establishing regional meetings between fire services and councils designed to improve information sharing and dovetail working in this area. The LGA supports this approach as the best way to avoid unnecessary duplication, share intelligence and spread best practice. It has emphasised to DLUHC the primacy of the IRMP and the life-safety role of the FRS. So far a meeting has been held in London and we anticipate other regional meetings will take place later this year.

Improvement

- 21. The LGA has committed to:
 - Webinars on building safety following the Building Safety Act getting Royal Assent and the commencement of the Fire Safety Act, along with additional resources provided to councils through case studies and publications.
 - Delivery of the building safety political leadership programme (Leadership Essentials) to housing portfolio holders.



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- An E-learning module available to officers and elected members to inform them about councils' duties as one of the regulators supporting the Building Safety Regulator.
- Work in partnership with HSE to support their programme of engagement with local authorities in areas with High Rise Buildings.
- 22. A Building Safety <u>Leadership Essentials</u> event for councillors is being held in person at Warwick University on Tuesday, 18th October – Wednesday, 19th October 2022. For more information or to book, contact: Grace Collins Telephone: 020 7664 3054 Email: <u>Grace.Collins@local.gov.uk</u>
- 23. Three webinars for officers and councillors (including from councils with Arms Length Management Organisations) have been arranged, following on from the one on 5th July. These will include sessions from the Home Office on the impact of the Fire Safety Act and preparation for the new regs coming in in January 2023 and from HSE on the Building Safety Regulator (BSR).
 - Monday 7th November 11.30am-1:30pm
 - Monday 19th December 1pm 3.00pm
 - Thursday 9th March 2pm– 4.00pm
- 24. We are developing an eLearning module on building control, aimed at councillors, portfolio holders and director-level officers. This will be commissioned September/October.
- 25. On 3rd October, HSE's BSR Programme team will run a presentation outlining the draft Operational Standards Rules (OSRs) that have been introduced through the Building Safety Act. We have promoted this to directors with responsibility for Building Control on 'Operational Standards Rules' (OSRs). The OSRs will apply to local authority building control bodies and registered building control approvers across England from April 2023. The draft OSRs (including proposed monitoring arrangements and strategic context) have recently been published for consultation at <u>BSR - Operational Standards</u> <u>Rules consultation - Health and Safety Executive - Citizen Space (hse.gov.uk)</u>.

Other

26. The LGA Reinforced Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (RAAC) awareness campaign is progressing well with over 50 additional councils having completed the Department for Education (DfE) RAAC survey as a result of our work. The majority of councils have



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now completed the survey, which aims to map RAAC cases in schools across England. The LGA will continue to promote this survey to councils over the coming months.

- 27. DLUHC have now published guidance on the new requirements relating to smoke alarms and carbon monoxide alarms. Although it is not explicitly referenced in the guidance, DLUHC officials have confirmed that the Regulations <u>do not</u> apply to communal areas. Registered providers of social housing will also be expected to self-refer to the Regulator of Social Housing whilst they remain non-compliant on the basis of not meeting their statutory duties.
 - Guidance for landlords and tenants: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/smoke-and-carbon-monoxide-alarms-explanatory-booklet-for-landlords</u>
 - Guidance for local housing authorities: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/smoke-and-carbon-monoxide-alarms-explanatory-booklet-for-local-authorities</u>

Implications for Wales

28. The Fire Safety Act came into force in Wales in <u>October 2021</u>. The new regulations passed under the FSO only apply in England. Building regulations and fire and rescue services are devolved responsibilities of the Welsh Assembly Government, and the main implications arising from the recommendations of the Hackitt Review and the government's response to it are on building regulations and fire safety in England. However, the Welsh government has announced that it will be making the changes recommended in the report to the regulatory system in Wales, and the LGA has been keeping in contact to ensure the WLGA is kept informed of the latest developments in England.

Financial Implications

- 29. Although the LGA has set up the Joint Inspection Team, the cost of doing so is being met by DLUHC. The Joint Inspection Team has secured funding for the next two years which will see it expand significantly. In effect, it will triple in capacity by the end of this financial year.
- 30. Other work arising from this report will continue to be delivered within the planned staffing budget, which includes an additional fixed term post in the safer community's team to support the LGA's building safety work.



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31. The cost of developing PEEPs under the Equalities Act is impossible to quantify as we do not currently know what would be considered reasonable measures.

Equalities implications

- 32. EEIS+ and PEEPs are directly related to councils' duties under the Equality Act 2010. The group of people affected by building safety issues will be broad and include a wide variety of potential equalities issues.
- 33. The Evacuation and Fire Safety Working Group includes representatives of disabled residents and communities and the LGA will continue to promote their contribution we have already done so in the LGA EEIS+ Consultation Response in which we recommended the Home Office should seek advice from those with lived experience on their proposals.

Next steps

- 34. Officers to take forward improvement work as set out in paragraphs 20-24.
- 35. Officers to continue to support the sector's work to keep residents safe and reform the building safety system, as directed by members.
- 36. We are seeking examples of volunteer assistance as a way of delivering PEEPs. If anyone already has any schemes like this contact <u>Charles.loft@local.gov.uk</u>